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## Year 2 Number and Place Value

| Number and Place Value | Addition and Subtraction | Multiplication and Division | Fractions |
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| Sufficient evidence shows the ability to: <br> Count in steps of 2,3 , and 5 from 0 , and in tens from any number, forward and backward. <br> $\square$ Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones). <br> - Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line. <br> - Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, $>$ and $=$ signs. <br> - Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words. <br> - Use place value and number facts to solve problems. | Sufficient evidence shows the ability to: <br> Solve problems with addition and subtraction: <br> using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods. <br> - Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 . <br> $\square$ Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones, a two-digit number and tens, two two-digit numbers. <br> - Add three one-digit numbers. <br> - Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot. <br> - Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. | Sufficient evidence shows the ability to: <br> Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers. <br> - Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division ( - ) and equals (=) signs. <br> Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. <br> - Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. | Sufficient evidence shows the ability to: Recognise, find, name and write fractions $1 / 2,1 / 3,1 / 4,2 / 4,3 / 4$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. <br> - Write simple fractions for example, $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ and recognise the equivalence of $2 / 4$ and $1 / 2$. |
| Year 2 Geometry and Measures |  |  |  |
| Measures | Geometry - Properties of Shapes | Geometry - Position and Direction | Statistics |
| Sufficient evidence shows the ability to: <br> $\square$ Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); capacity (litres $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. <br> - Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using $>,<$ and $=$. <br> - Recognise and use symbols for pounds ( $£$ ) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value <br> - Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. <br> - Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change. <br> C Compare and sequence intervals of time. <br> - Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. <br> - Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. | Sufficient evidence shows the ability to: <br> $\square$ Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line. Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces. <br> $\square$ Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]. <br> $\square$ Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects. | Sufficient evidence shows the ability to: <br> - Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences. <br> - Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anticlockwise). | Sufficient evidence shows the ability to: <br> $\square$ Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables. <br> $\square$ Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity. <br> - Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data. |

